By:B. No
Substitute the following forB. No:
By: C.SB. No
A BILL TO BE ENTITLED
AN ACT
relating to the governance of public institutions of higher
education, including review of curriculum and certain degree and
certificate programs, a faculty council or senate, training for
members of the governing board, and the establishment, powers, and
duties of the Texas Higher Education Coordinating Board Office of
the Ombudsman.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
ARTICLE 1. CURRICULUM AND ACADEMIC PROGRAMS
SECTION 1.01. Subchapter F, Chapter 51, Education Code, is
amended by adding Section 51.315 to read as follows:
Sec. 51.315. GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM REVIEW. (a) In
this section:
(1) "General education curriculum" means a core
curriculum, as that term is defined by Section 61.821, and any other
curriculum or competency all undergraduate students of an
institution of higher education are required to complete before
receiving an undergraduate degree.
(2) "Governing board" and "institution of higher
education" have the meanings assigned by Section 61.003.
(b) At least once every five years, the governing board of
each institution of higher education shall conduct a comprehensive
review of the general education curriculum established by the
institution. In reviewing an institution's general education

- 1 curriculum, the governing board shall ensure courses in the
- 2 curriculum:
- 3 (1) are foundational and fundamental to a sound
- 4 postsecondary education;
- 5 (2) are necessary to prepare students for civic and
- 6 professional life;
- 7 (3) equip students for participation in the workforce
- 8 and in the betterment of society;
- 9 (4) ensure a breadth of knowledge in compliance with
- 10 applicable accreditation standards; and
- 11 (5) do not advocate or promote the idea that any race,
- 12 sex, or ethnicity or any religious belief is inherently superior to
- 13 any other race, sex, or ethnicity or any other religious belief.
- 14 (c) In reviewing the general education curriculum of an
- 15 institution of higher education under Subsection (b), the governing
- 16 board of the institution shall consider the potential costs the
- 17 curriculum may impose on students, including for additional
- 18 tuition, fees, and time a student must spend to complete an
- 19 undergraduate degree program at the institution.
- 20 (d) Each institution of higher education shall annually
- 21 submit to the governing board of the institution an update
- 22 regarding any changes to the general education curriculum offered
- 23 at the institution. The governing board may reserve the right to
- 24 overturn any decision made by the institution regarding any changes
- 25 to the general education curriculum offered at the institution.
- 26 (e) The governing board of an institution of higher
- 27 education may appoint a committee to assist the governing board in

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1 carrying out its duties under this section, including by making
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- 2 recommendations to the governing board. Members of the committee
- 3 may include:
- 4 (1) faculty employed full time by the institution;
- 5 (2) institution administrators;
- 6 <u>(3) community leaders;</u>
- 7 <u>(4) industry representatives; and</u>
- 8 (5) other individuals selected by the governing board.
- 9 (f) Not later than January 1 of each year a review is
- 10 conducted under this section, the governing board of each
- 11 institution of higher education shall certify the governing board's
- 12 compliance with this section to the Texas Higher Education
- 13 Coordinating Board and each standing legislative committee and
- 14 subcommittee with primary jurisdiction over higher education.
- 15 SECTION 1.02. Section 51.354, Education Code, is amended to
- 16 read as follows:
- 17 Sec. 51.354. INSTITUTIONAL <u>AUTHORITY AND</u> RESPONSIBILITY.
- 18 (a) The final decision-making authority on matters regarding an
- 19 institution of higher education's degree programs and curricula
- 20 belongs to the institution. The institution shall make the
- 21 decisions on those matters under the direction of the institution's
- 22 governing board.
- 23 <u>(b)</u> In addition to specific responsibilities imposed by
- 24 this code or other law, each institution of higher education has the
- 25 general responsibility to serve the public and, within the
- 26 institution's role and mission, to:
- 27 (1) transmit culture through general education;

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1 (2) extend knowledge;
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- 2 (3) teach and train students for professions;
- 3 (4) provide for scientific, engineering, medical, and
- 4 other academic research;
- 5 (5) protect intellectual exploration and academic
- 6 freedom;
- 7 (6) strive for intellectual excellence;
- 8 (7) provide educational opportunity for all who can
- 9 benefit from postsecondary education and training; and
- 10 (8) provide continuing education opportunities.
- 11 SECTION 1.03. Subchapter Z, Chapter 51, Education Code, is
- 12 amended by adding Section 51.989 to read as follows:
- 13 Sec. 51.989. REVIEW OF MINOR DEGREE AND CERTIFICATE
- 14 PROGRAMS. (a) In this section, "governing board" and "institution
- of higher education" have the meanings assigned by Section 61.003.
- 16 (b) The president or chief executive officer of an
- 17 institution of higher education shall adopt and implement a process
- 18 for reviewing minor degree and certificate programs offered by the
- 19 institution to identify programs with low enrollment that may
- 20 require consolidation or elimination.
- 21 <u>(c) The criteria for review under Subsection (b) must</u>
- 22 require that minor degree and certificate programs have specific
- 23 industry data to substantiate workforce demand to avoid
- 24 consideration for consolidation or elimination.
- 25 (d) A minor degree or certificate program that has operated
- 26 less than five years at the time the president or chief executive
- 27 officer of an institution of higher education conducts the review

- 1 under this section is exempt from that review.
- 2 (e) The governing board of an institution of higher
- 3 education shall approve or deny any decision made by the president
- 4 or chief executive officer of the institution to consolidate or
- 5 eliminate a minor degree or certificate program as a result of the
- 6 review conducted under this section.
- 7 <u>(f) The president or chief executive officer of an</u>
- 8 <u>institution of higher education shall conduct a review under this</u>
- 9 <u>section once every five years.</u>
- SECTION 1.04. Section 61.052, Education Code, is amended by
- 11 adding Subsection (a-1) to read as follows:
- 12 (a-1) A governing board may exclude from the comprehensive
- 13 <u>list of courses submitted under Subsection (a) courses that were</u>
- 14 not taught as an organized class or provided through individual
- 15 <u>instruction for the preceding two academic years.</u>
- SECTION 1.05. Subchapter C, Chapter 61, Education Code, is
- 17 amended by adding Section 61.0522 to read as follows:
- 18 Sec. 61.0522. GENERAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM ADVISORY
- 19 COMMITTEE. (a) In this section:
- 20 (1) "Advisory committee" means the general education
- 21 curriculum advisory committee established under this section.
- 22 (2) "General education curriculum" has the meaning
- 23 <u>assigned by Section 51.315.</u>
- 24 (b) The board shall establish an advisory committee to
- 25 review the general education curriculum requirements of
- 26 institutions of higher education.
- (c) The board shall call for nominations from presidents or

- 1 chief executive officers, chancellors, and chief academic officers
- 2 at all institutions of higher education for representatives to
- 3 serve on the advisory committee. The board shall select a number of
- 4 representatives determined by the board from those nominated with
- 5 nominees drawn equally from two-year and four-year institutions.
- 6 (d) The advisory committee shall consider methods for
- 7 determining general education curriculum component courses and for
- 8 condensing the number of general education curriculum courses
- 9 required at institutions of higher education.
- 10 (e) Not later than November 1, 2026, the advisory committee
- 11 shall produce a report regarding the advisory committee's findings
- 12 and recommendations under this section and provide the report to
- 13 the board.
- 14 (f) Not later than December 31, 2026, the board shall review
- 15 the advisory committee's report and submit to the legislature the
- 16 board's recommendations for legislative or other action necessary
- 17 to implement the findings of the report.
- 18 (g) The advisory committee is abolished and this section
- 19 expires September 1, 2027.
- SECTION 1.06. Not later than January 1, 2027, the governing
- 21 board of each public institution of higher education shall:
- (1) complete the governing board's initial review in
- 23 accordance with Section 51.315, Education Code, as added by this
- 24 Act; and
- 25 (2) certify compliance with Section 51.315, Education
- 26 Code, as added by this Act, as required by Subsection (f) of that
- 27 section.

ARTICLE 2. INSTITUTIONAL GOVERNANCE

- 2 SECTION 2.01. Section 51.352, Education Code, is amended by
- 3 amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsections (g) and (h) to read
- 4 as follows:

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- 5 (d) In addition to powers and duties specifically granted by
- 6 this code or other law, each governing board shall:
- 7 (1) establish, for each institution under its control
- 8 and management, goals consistent with the role and mission of the
- 9 institution;
- 10 (2) appoint the chancellor or other chief executive
- 11 officer of the system, if the board governs a university system;
- 12 (3) appoint the president or other chief executive
- 13 officer of each institution under the board's control and
- 14 management and evaluate the chief executive officer of each
- 15 component institution and assist the officer in the achievement of
- 16 performance goals;
- 17 (4) approve or deny the hiring of an individual for the
- 18 position of provost by each institution under the board's control
- 19 and management;
- 20 <u>(5)</u> collaborate with institutions under its control
- 21 and management to set campus admission standards consistent with
- 22 the role and mission of the institution and considering the
- 23 admission standards of similar institutions nationwide having a
- 24 similar role and mission, as determined by the coordinating board;
- 25 and
- (6) $[\frac{(5)}{(5)}]$ ensure that its formal position on matters
- 27 of importance to the institutions under its governance is made

- 1 clear to the coordinating board when such matters are under
- 2 consideration by the coordinating board.
- 3 (g) The governing board of an institution of higher
- 4 education may overturn any hiring decision for the position of vice
- 5 president or dean made by the administration of a campus under the
- 6 board's control and management. Action by the governing board
- 7 under this subsection shall be implemented by the institution
- 8 through appropriate action with respect to the relevant hiring
- 9 decision at issue, including recission of an employment offer,
- 10 termination of employment, or termination of an employment
- 11 agreement.
- 12 (h) The governing board of each institution of higher
- 13 <u>education shall annually submit to the governor, the lieutenant</u>
- 14 governor, the speaker of the house of representatives, and each
- 15 member of the legislature a report regarding decisions made by the
- 16 governing board for the applicable academic year on any hiring of
- 17 administration in which the board approved or denied the hiring
- 18 decision or took action under Subsection (g).
- 19 SECTION 2.02. Subchapter G, Chapter 51, Education Code, is
- amended by adding Sections 51.3522, 51.3523, and 51.3541 to read as
- 21 follows:
- Sec. 51.3522. FACULTY COUNCIL OR SENATE. (a) In this
- 23 section, "faculty council or senate" means a representative faculty
- 24 organization.
- (b) Only the governing board of an institution of higher
- 26 education may establish a faculty council or senate at the
- 27 institution. Before establishing the faculty council or senate,

- 1 the governing board must adopt a policy governing the selection of
- 2 the faculty council's or senate's members that:
- 3 (1) ensures adequate representation of each college
- 4 and school of the institution;
- 5 (2) requires the members to be faculty members; and
- 6 (3) except as otherwise provided by the governing
- 7 board, limits the number of members to not more than 60 with at
- 8 least two representatives from each college or school, including:
- 9 (A) one member appointed by the president or
- 10 chief executive officer of the institution; and
- 11 (B) the remaining members elected by a vote of
- 12 the faculty of the member's respective college or school.
- 13 (c) A faculty council or senate is advisory only and may not
- 14 be delegated the final decision-making authority on any matter. A
- 15 faculty council or senate shall represent the entire faculty of the
- 16 <u>institution</u> of higher education and advise the institution
- 17 administration and any system administration regarding matters
- 18 related to the general welfare of the institution.
- 19 (d) Service on the faculty council or senate is an
- 20 additional duty of the faculty member's employment. Members of the
- 21 <u>faculty council or senate are not entitled to compensation or</u>
- 22 reimbursement of expenses for their role as members of the faculty
- 23 council or senate unless the expense is on behalf of and approved by
- 24 the institution of higher education.
- (e) A member of the faculty council or senate appointed by
- 26 the president or chief executive officer of the institution of
- 27 higher education in accordance with Subsection (b)(3)(A) may serve

- 1 up to six consecutive one-year terms and then may only be
- 2 reappointed after the second anniversary of the last day of the
- 3 member's most recent term. A member of the faculty council or
- 4 senate elected by a vote of the faculty of the member's respective
- 5 college or school serves a two-year term, staggered in a manner that
- 6 allows approximately one-half of the elected members to be elected
- 7 each year, and may only be reelected after the second anniversary of
- 8 the last day of the member's most recent term.
- 9 (f) A faculty member serving on the faculty council or
- 10 <u>senate may be immediately removed from the council or senate for</u>
- 11 <u>failure</u> to conduct the member's responsibilities within the
- 12 council's or senate's parameters, including by using the member's
- 13 position for political advocacy, failing to attend council or
- 14 <u>senate meetings</u>, or engaging in other <u>similar</u> misconduct. A member
- of a faculty council or senate may be removed on recommendation of
- 16 the institution's provost and approval by the institution's
- 17 president or chief executive officer.
- 18 (g) The president or chief executive officer of the
- 19 institution of higher education shall appoint a presiding officer,
- 20 associate presiding officer, and secretary from the members of the
- 21 <u>faculty council or senate.</u>
- (h) The presiding officer appointed under Subsection (g)
- 23 shall preside over meetings of the faculty council or senate and
- 24 represent the council or senate in official communications with the
- 25 <u>institution administration and any system administration.</u>
- 26 (i) Chapter 2110, Government Code, does not apply to a
- 27 faculty council or senate.

- 1 (j) The faculty council or senate shall conduct meetings at
- 2 which a quorum is present in a manner that is open to the public and
- 3 in accordance with procedures prescribed by the president or chief
- 4 executive officer of the institution of higher education.
- 5 (k) The faculty council or senate shall broadcast over the
- 6 Internet live video and audio, as applicable, of each open meeting
- 7 of the council or senate if more than 50 percent of the members of
- 8 the council or senate are in attendance.
- 9 <u>(1) The faculty council or senate shall adopt rules for</u>
- 10 establishing a quorum.
- 11 (m) The following shall be made available to the public on
- 12 the institution of higher education's Internet website not later
- 13 than the seventh day before a meeting of the faculty council or
- 14 senate:
- 15 (1) an agenda for the meeting with sufficient detail
- 16 to indicate the items that are to be discussed or that will be
- 17 subject to a vote; and
- 18 (2) any curriculum proposals reviewed by the council
- 19 or senate that will be discussed or voted on at the meeting.
- 20 (n) The names of the members in attendance must be recorded
- 21 at a meeting in which the faculty council or senate conducts
- 22 business related to:
- 23 (1) a vote of no confidence regarding an institution
- 24 or system administrator; or
- 25 (2) policies related to curriculum and academic
- 26 standards.
- (o) This section may not be construed to limit a faculty

- 1 member of an institution of higher education from exercising the
- 2 faculty member's right to freedom of association protected by the
- 3 United States Constitution or Texas Constitution.
- 4 Sec. 51.3523. SHARED GOVERNANCE. (a) In this section,
- 5 "governing board" and "institution of higher education" have the
- 6 meanings assigned by Section 61.003.
- 7 (b) Institutions of higher education in this state shall be
- 8 governed by a principle of shared governance, which refers to a
- 9 structured decision-making process in which the governing board of
- 10 the institution exercises ultimate authority and responsibility
- 11 for institutional oversight, financial stewardship, and policy
- 12 implementation, while allowing for appropriate consultation with
- 13 faculty, administrators, and other stakeholders on matters related
- 14 to academic policy and institutional operations. The principle of
- 15 shared governance may not be construed to diminish the authority of
- 16 the governing board to make final decisions in the best interest of
- 17 the institution, students, and taxpayers.
- 18 <u>(c) Administrators at institutions of higher education must</u>
- 19 make decisions in a manner that promotes efficiency,
- 20 accountability, and responsiveness to state priorities, workforce
- 21 needs, and the institution's institutional mission. Faculty and
- 22 staff may provide recommendations on academic matters, but that
- 23 <u>input is only advisory in nature, ensuring that governing boards</u>
- 24 and institutional leadership retain clear and ultimate
- 25 decision-making authority. Shared governance structures may not be
- 26 used to obstruct, delay, or undermine necessary institutional
- 27 reforms or serve as a mechanism for advancing ideological or

- 1 political agendas.
- 2 Sec. 51.3541. RESPONSIBILITY OF PRESIDENT OR CHIEF
- 3 EXECUTIVE OFFICER. (a) In this section, "governing board" and
- 4 "institution of higher education" have the meanings assigned by
- 5 Section 61.003.
- 6 (b) The president or chief executive officer of an
- 7 institution of higher education shall conduct annual evaluations
- 8 for individuals who hold the positions of vice president, provost,
- 9 dean, or a similar leadership position that oversees curriculum or
- 10 student affairs for the institution and report to the institution's
- 11 governing board regarding any decision to remove an individual from
- 12 a position described by this subsection.
- SECTION 2.03. Subchapter Z, Chapter 51, Education Code, is
- 14 amended by adding Section 51.9431 to read as follows:
- 15 Sec. 51.9431. GRIEVANCE, HIRING, AND DISCIPLINE
- 16 DECISION-MAKING AUTHORITY. (a) In this section, "governing
- 17 board," "institution of higher education," and "university system"
- 18 have the meanings assigned by Section 61.003.
- 19 (b) Only the president or chief executive officer or provost
- 20 of an institution of higher education, university system
- 21 administration, or the president's or chief executive officer's,
- 22 provost's, or administration's designee may be involved in
- 23 decision-making regarding review of a faculty grievance, including
- 24 under Section 51.960, or the faculty discipline process.
- (c) A faculty member of an institution of higher education
- 26 who does not serve in an administrative leadership position may not
- 27 have final decision-making authority on the hiring of an individual

- 1 for any faculty or administrative leadership position at the
- 2 institution.
- 3 SECTION 2.04. (a) A faculty council or senate established
- 4 at a public institution of higher education before the effective
- 5 date of this Act is abolished on October 1, 2025, unless:
- 6 (1) the faculty council or senate was established in
- 7 the manner prescribed by Section 51.3522, Education Code, as added
- 8 by this Act; or
- 9 (2) the faculty council's or senate's continuation is
- 10 ratified by the institution's governing board before that date
- 11 based on a finding by the governing board that the faculty council
- 12 or senate meets the requirements of any policy adopted by the
- 13 governing board under that section.
- 14 (b) A faculty council or senate authorized but not yet
- 15 established at a public institution of higher education before the
- 16 effective date of this Act may be established only in the manner
- 17 prescribed by Section 51.3522, Education Code, as added by this
- 18 Act.
- 19 ARTICLE 3. COORDINATION AND OVERSIGHT OF INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER
- 20 EDUCATION
- 21 SECTION 3.01. Section 61.031, Education Code, is reenacted
- 22 and amended to read as follows:
- Sec. 61.031. OFFICE OF OMBUDSMAN [PUBLIC INFORMATION AND
- 24 COMPLAINTS]. (a) In this section:
- 25 (1) "Office" means the Texas Higher Education
- 26 Coordinating Board Office of the Ombudsman established under this
- 27 section.

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               (2) "Ombudsman" means the individual serving as
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   ombudsman for the office.
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         (b) The board shall establish the Texas Higher Education
   Coordinating Board Office of the Ombudsman to serve as an
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   intermediary between the legislature and
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                                                   the public and
   institutions of higher education, including by answering questions
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   from the legislature and the public regarding the obligations of an
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   institution of higher education to students, faculty, employees,
   and the public. The office shall perform the functions described by
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   this section and coordinate the board's compliance monitoring
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   functions under Section 61.035. The ombudsman shall serve as the
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   director of compliance and monitoring.
         (c) The office shall receive and, if necessary, investigate
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   complaints submitted in accordance with Subsection (d) regarding an
   institution of higher education's failure to comply with:
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- 16 (1) Section 51.315;
- 17 (2) Section 51.3522;
- 18 (3) Section 51.3525;
- 19 (4) Section 51.3541;
- 20 (5) Section 51.9431; and
- 21 <u>(6) Section 61.0522.</u>
- 22 (d) A student or other individual who is a party in an internal administrative proceeding at an institution of higher education and who has reason to believe an institution of higher education has failed to comply with a provision listed under Subsection (c) may submit a notarized, written complaint to the
- 27 office that:

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   information;
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               (2) states the specific statute the individual
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   believes has been violated; and
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              (3) includes specific facts supporting
                                                                 the
   allegation, including:
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                    (A) relevant dates;
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                    (B) identifying information regarding the
   individuals involved; and
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                    (C) any supporting evidence in the individual's
   possession.
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         (d-1) An individual is not eligible to file a complaint
   under Subsection (d) if the individual has filed with another state
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   agency, a federal agency, or a court, as applicable, one of the
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   following against the institution of higher education that is the
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   subject of the complaint:
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               (1) a lawsuit that makes the same or similar
   allegations or arises out of the same factual situation; or
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19
               (2) an administrative complaint that makes the same or
   similar allegations or arises out of the same factual situation.
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         (d-2) The office shall dismiss any complaint that the office
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   determines was filed in violation of Subsection (d-1).
         (d-3) An individual who knowingly submits a false complaint
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   under Subsection (d) shall be held responsible for any costs
   incurred by the office in conducting an investigation resulting
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   from the false complaint. The office may refuse to investigate a
   future complaint filed by an individual who is found to have
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(1) provides the individual's <u>name</u> and <u>contact</u>

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- 1 knowingly filed a false complaint.
- 2 <u>(e)</u> The <u>office</u> [board] shall maintain a file on each written
- 3 complaint filed with the board. The file must include:
- 4 (1) the name of the individual [person] who filed the
- 5 complaint;
- 6 (2) the date the complaint is received by the board;
- 7 (3) the subject matter of the complaint;
- 8 (4) the name of each $\underline{individual}$ [\underline{person}] contacted in
- 9 relation to the complaint;
- 10 (5) a summary of the results of the review or
- 11 investigation of the complaint; and
- 12 (6) an explanation of the reason the file was closed,
- 13 if the office [board] closed the file without taking action other
- 14 than to investigate the complaint.
- (f) [(b)] The office [board] shall provide to the
- 16 individual [person] filing the complaint and to each individual
- 17 alleged to be involved in the failure to comply [person who is a
- 18 subject of the complaint] a copy of the office's [board's] policies
- 19 and procedures relating to complaint investigation and resolution.
- 20 (g) The office shall notify the governing board of the
- 21 institution of higher education that is the subject of a complaint
- 22 of noncompliance that meets the requirements under Subsection (d)
- 23 not later than the fifth day after the date the office receives the
- 24 complaint. The governing board of the institution shall respond to
- 25 the complaint not later than the 175th day after the date the
- 26 governing board receives the notice unless the office has granted
- 27 an extension for good cause.

- (h) In investigating a complaint of noncompliance regarding
 an institution of higher education received under this section, the
 office may request information from the institution. The governing
 board of the institution shall respond in writing to the office's
 written request for information not later than the 30th day after
 the date the institution receives the request. This subsection may
- 6 the date the institution receives the request. This subsection may
- 7 not be construed to require an institution to provide privileged
- 8 <u>information to the office.</u>
- 9 <u>(i) Based on findings related to an investigation under this</u>
 10 <u>section, the office shall submit to the governing board of the</u>
 11 <u>institution of higher education that is the subject of an</u>
 12 investigation under this section a report on the investigation that
- 13 <u>includes</u> the office's final determination regarding the
- 14 investigation and recommendations based on the conclusions of the
- 15 investigation.
- (j) [(c)] The <u>office</u> [board], at least quarterly until
- 17 final disposition of the complaint, shall notify the $\underline{\text{individual}}$
- 18 [person] filing the complaint and each individual alleged to be
- 19 <u>involved</u> in the failure to comply [person who is a subject of the
- 20 complaint] of the status of the investigation unless the notice
- 21 would jeopardize an undercover investigation.
- (k) If, not later than the 180th day after the date the
- 23 office submits the report under Subsection (i) to the governing
- 24 board of an institution of higher education that is the subject of
- 25 <u>an investigation under this section, the office determines the</u>
- 26 governing board has not resolved any noncompliance issues
- 27 identified in the report, the office shall submit to the ombudsman

- 1 and state auditor a report on the noncompliance that includes the
- 2 office's recommendations.
- 3 (1) On receipt of a report under Subsection (k), the
- 4 ombudsman may recommend to the legislature that the institution of
- 5 higher education not be allowed to spend money appropriated to the
- 6 institution for a state fiscal year until the institution's
- 7 governing board certifies compliance and the state auditor confirms
- 8 the institution's compliance.
- 9 (m) $\left[\frac{d}{d}\right]$ Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
- 10 information that relates to a current, former, or prospective
- 11 applicant or student of an educational institution and that is
- 12 obtained, received, or held by the office [board] for the purpose of
- 13 providing assistance with access to postsecondary education is
- 14 confidential and excepted from disclosure under Chapter 552,
- 15 Government Code, and may only be released in conformity with the
- 16 Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C.
- 17 Section 1232g). The office [board] may withhold information
- 18 prohibited from being disclosed under this subsection without
- 19 requesting a decision from the attorney general under Subchapter G,
- 20 Chapter 552, Government Code.
- 21 (n) The office may require cooperation from an institution
- 22 of higher education in an investigation under this section if the
- 23 office determines a complaint of noncompliance with a provision
- 24 listed under Subsection (c) is credible.
- 25 <u>(o) The office shall annually submit a report to the</u>
- 26 governor, the lieutenant governor, the state auditor, and the chair
- 27 of each standing legislative committee with jurisdiction over

- 1 <u>higher education regarding:</u>
- 2 (1) the number of complaints of noncompliance with a
- 3 provision listed under Subsection (c) received by the office;
- 4 (2) the number of investigations conducted and
- 5 substantiated by the office; and
- 6 (3) a summary of the results of investigations
- 7 <u>described by Subdivision (2).</u>
- 8 SECTION 3.02. Section 61.0512(c), Education Code, is
- 9 amended to read as follows:
- 10 (c) The board shall review each degree or certificate
- 11 program offered by an institution of higher education at the time
- 12 the institution requests to implement a new program to ensure that
- 13 the program:
- 14 (1) meets a national need or is needed by the state and
- 15 the local community, and does not unnecessarily duplicate programs
- 16 offered by other institutions of higher education or private or
- 17 independent institutions of higher education;
- 18 (2) has adequate financing from legislative
- 19 appropriation, funds allocated by the board, or funds from other
- 20 sources;
- 21 (3) has necessary faculty and other resources to
- 22 ensure student success; and
- 23 (4) meets academic standards specified by law or
- 24 prescribed by board rule, including rules adopted by the board for
- 25 purposes of this section, or workforce standards established by the
- 26 Texas Workforce Investment Council.
- 27 SECTION 3.03. Section 61.084, Education Code, is amended by

- 1 amending Subsection (d) and adding Subsection (i) to read as
- 2 follows:
- 3 (d) The content of the instruction at the training program
- 4 shall focus on the official role and duties of the members of
- 5 governing boards and shall provide training in the areas of
- 6 budgeting, policy development, ethics, and governance. Topics
- 7 covered by the training program must include:
- 8 (1) auditing procedures and recent audits of
- 9 institutions of higher education;
- 10 (2) the enabling legislation that creates
- 11 institutions of higher education;
- 12 (3) the role of the governing board at institutions of
- 13 higher education and the relationship between the governing board
- 14 and an institution's administration, faculty and staff, and
- 15 students, including limitations on the authority of the governing
- 16 board;
- 17 (4) the mission statements of institutions of higher
- 18 education;
- 19 (5) disciplinary and investigative authority of the
- 20 governing board;
- 21 (6) the requirements of the open meetings law, Chapter
- 22 551, Government Code, and the open records law, Chapter 552,
- 23 Government Code;
- 24 (7) the requirements of conflict of interest laws and
- 25 other laws relating to public officials;
- 26 (8) any applicable ethics policies adopted by
- 27 institutions of higher education or the Texas Ethics Commission;

- 1 (9) the requirements of laws relating to the
- 2 protection of student information under the Family Educational
- 3 Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (20 U.S.C. Section 1232g) or any
- 4 other federal or state law relating to the privacy of student
- 5 information; [and]
- 6 (10) an overview of the legislature, the General
- 7 Appropriations Act, and the state budget as those topics relate to
- 8 the responsibilities of the governing board;
- 9 (11) an emphasis on the commitment the members of the
- 10 governing board are making to:
- 11 (A) the institutions of higher education under
- 12 the board's control and management and, if applicable, the
- 13 university system;
- 14 (B) this state; and
- (C) taxpayers of this state; and
- 16 (12) any other topic relating to higher education the
- 17 board considers important.
- (i) On completion of a training program under this section,
- 19 a member of a governing board shall provide a sworn statement
- 20 affirming the member's understanding of the member's duties and
- 21 <u>responsibilities</u>.
- 22 ARTICLE 4. APPLICABILITY; EFFECTIVE DATE
- 23 SECTION 4.01. This Act applies beginning with the 2025-2026
- 24 academic year.
- 25 SECTION 4.02. This Act takes effect immediately if it
- 26 receives a vote of two-thirds of all the members elected to each
- 27 house, as provided by Section 39, Article III, Texas Constitution.

- 1 If this Act does not receive the vote necessary for immediate
- 2 effect, this Act takes effect September 1, 2025.